



AESOP4FOOD

Action for Education
Spatial Organisation
and Planning For
Sustainable Food

PHASE II

Analysing your local foodscape

Session 1

April 28, 2022



Source image: De Boer & de Olde et al 2020
Re-rooting the Dutch food system.

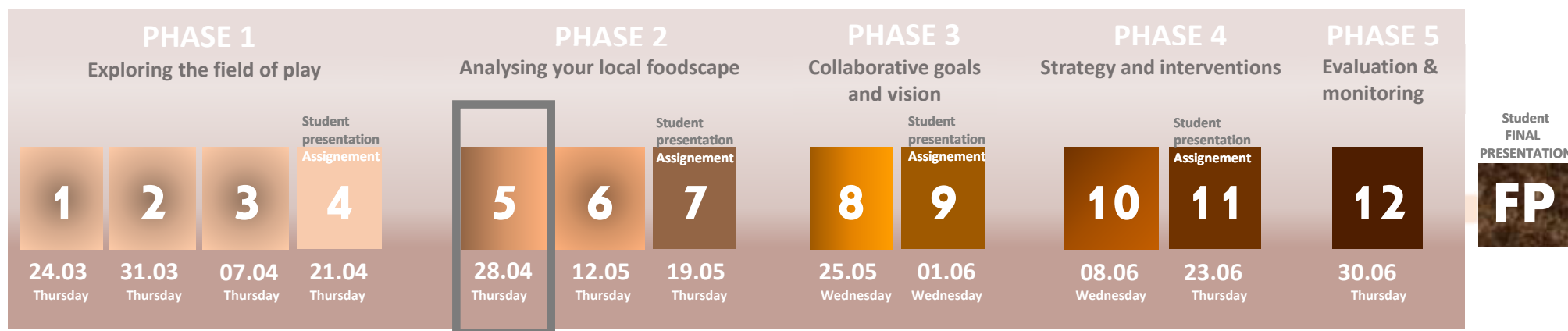
Online Seminar



COURSE SCHEDULE

March 24 - June 30, 2022

Thursday or Wednesday / 17:00 to 18:30 CET



ASSIGNMENTS

Assignment 1 - Exploring the field of play

Assignment 2 - Analysing your local foodscape

Assignment 3 - Collaborative goals and vision

Assignment 4 - Strategy and interventions

Assignment 5 - Evaluation & monitoring

INTENSIVE WORKSHOP

Madrid

June 26- July 5, 2022



UNIVERSIDAD
POLITÉCNICA
DE MADRID



RED DE
MUNICIPIOS POR
LA AGROECOLOGÍA



AGENDA of the session

Introduction

Marian Simón Rojo, Universidad Politecnica de Madrid

Steps and guiding questions for mapping food systems

Jeroen de Vries, LE:NOTRE Institute

Short exercise of stakeholder mapping

Marian Simón Rojo, Universidad Politecnica de Madrid

Case study: Mapping the Short Food Supply Chains

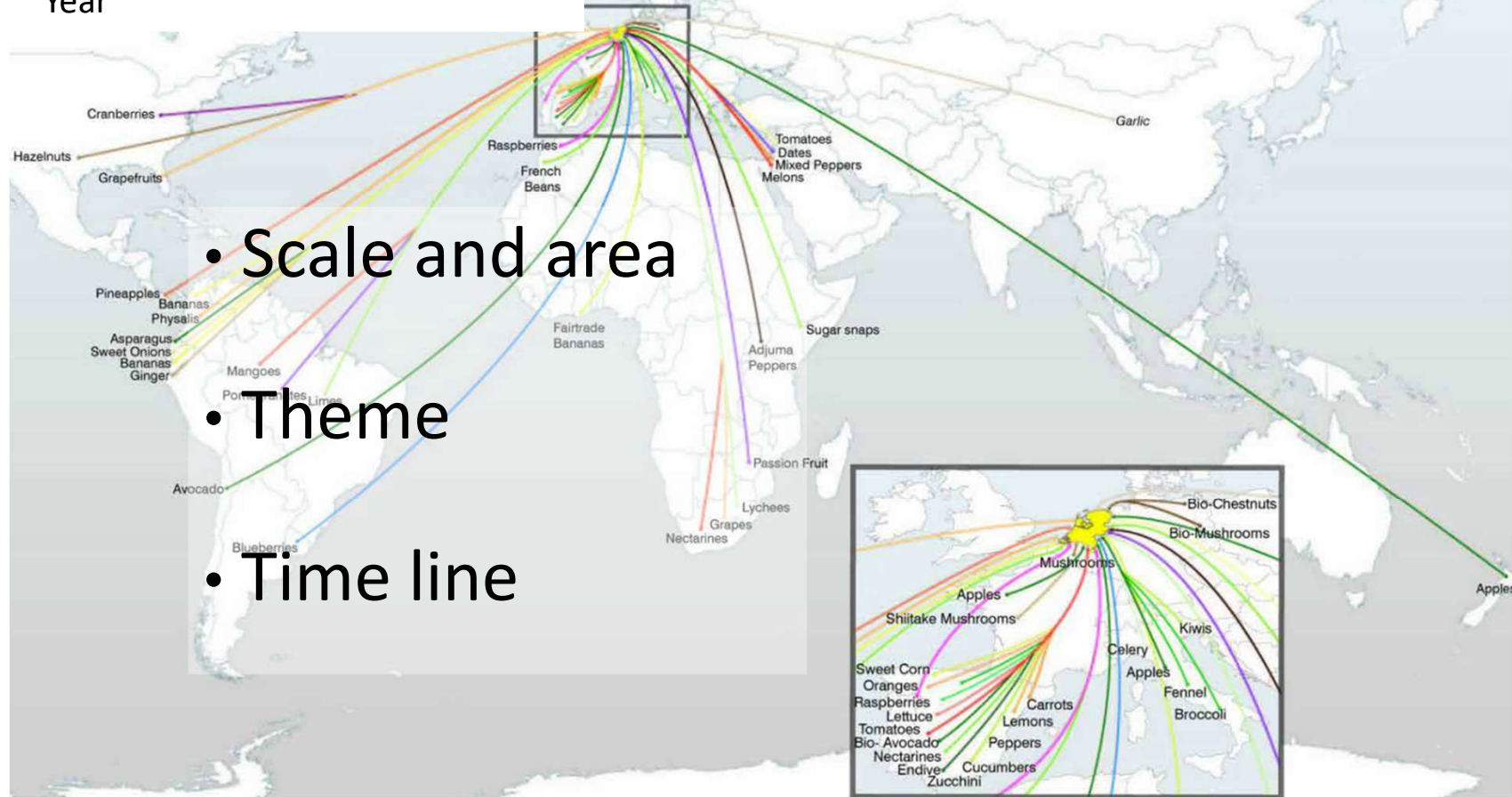
Jorge Molero, Red de Municipios por la Agroecología

Steps and guiding questions for mapping food systems

Jeroen de Vries, LE:NOTRE

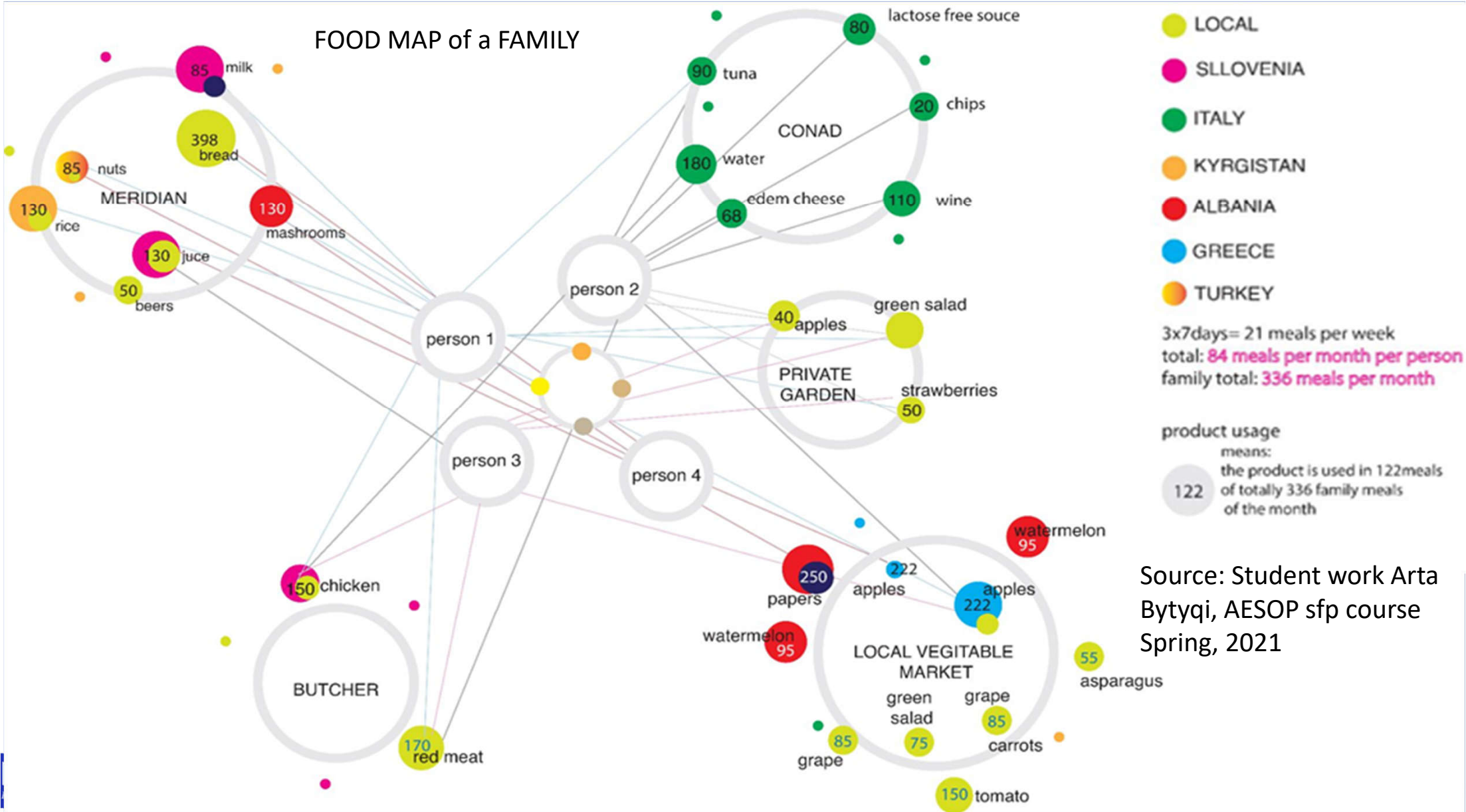
Global
Fruit & Vegetables
Year

Food system mapping



- Scale and area
- Theme
- Time line

FOOD MAP of a FAMILY




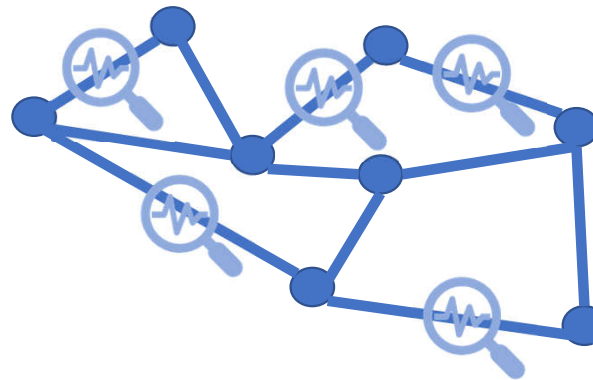
Source: Student work Arta Bytyqi, AESOP sfp course Spring, 2021

Food system mapping

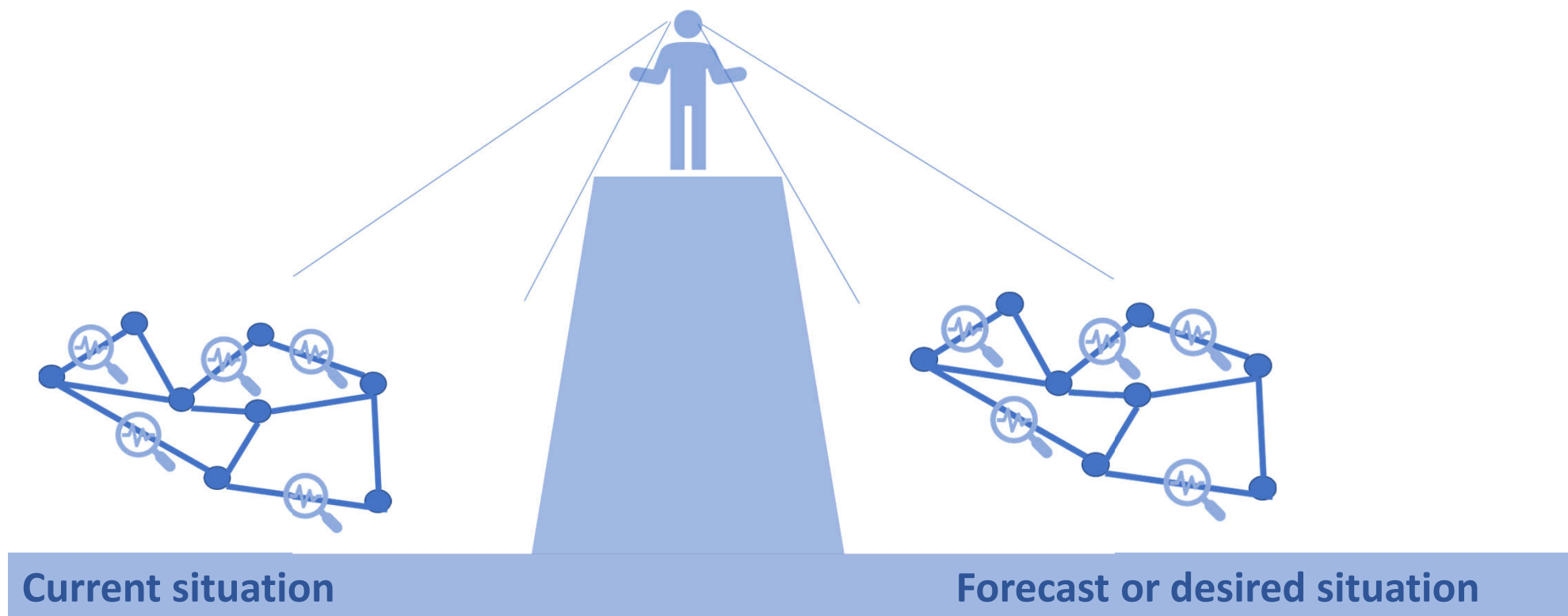
- Mapping methods for the system
- Map of the community and the main stakeholders
- Guiding questions for your analysis

System network

- Elements
- Relations
-  Quantitative and qualitative data



What do you want to use for analysis?



Step 1: which elements are part of my system?

You can just list them during a brainstorm

- Types of food?
- Crops and produce for the food?
- Actors?
- Stakeholders?
- Land? Types of production areas?
- Materials?

Step 1: which elements are part of my system?

You can just list them during a brainstorm

- Vegetables
- Eggs
- Compost
- Schoolgardens
- Meadows
- Kitchengardens
- Farmersmarket
- Mill
- Consumers
- Farmers
- Bakers
- Market gardens
- Community gardens
- Waste land
- Schoolchildren
- Supermarkets

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- *In canteens*
- *Foodbanks*
- *Less advantaged*
- *Tourists*
- *In restaurants*
- *Streetfood*
- *Schoollunches*
- *Prosumers*
-

Step 1: which elements are part of my system?

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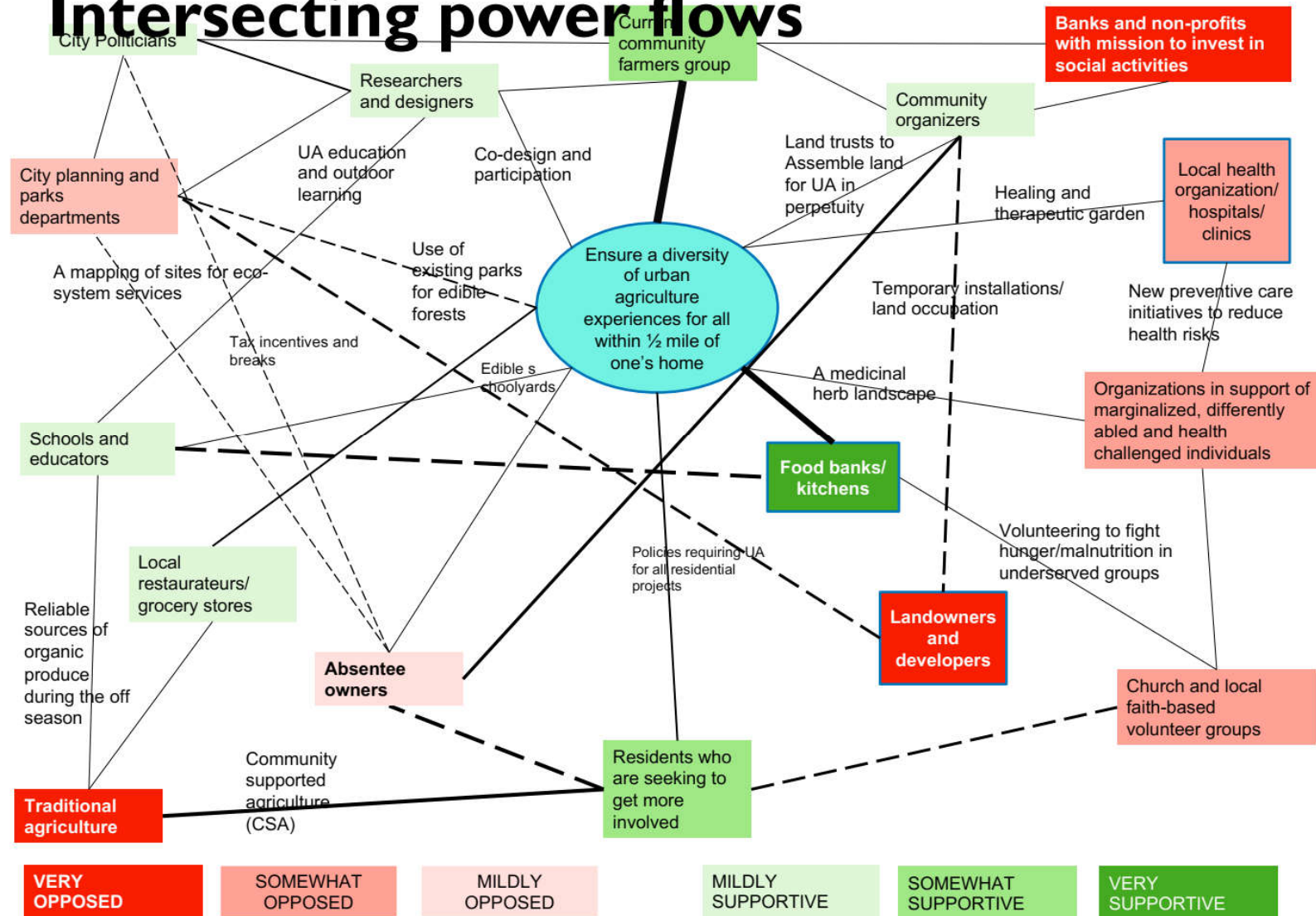
- *Export oriented*
- *Organic farmers*
- *Community Supported Agriculture*
- *Farmers open for transition*
- *Urban farmers*
- *Care farms*



Step 3: how do the elements relate to each other?

- a. Flows, streams, processes, social relations
- b. Qualitative: power, regulations, laws
- c. Quantitative relations: make sure you use standard units and clear conversions

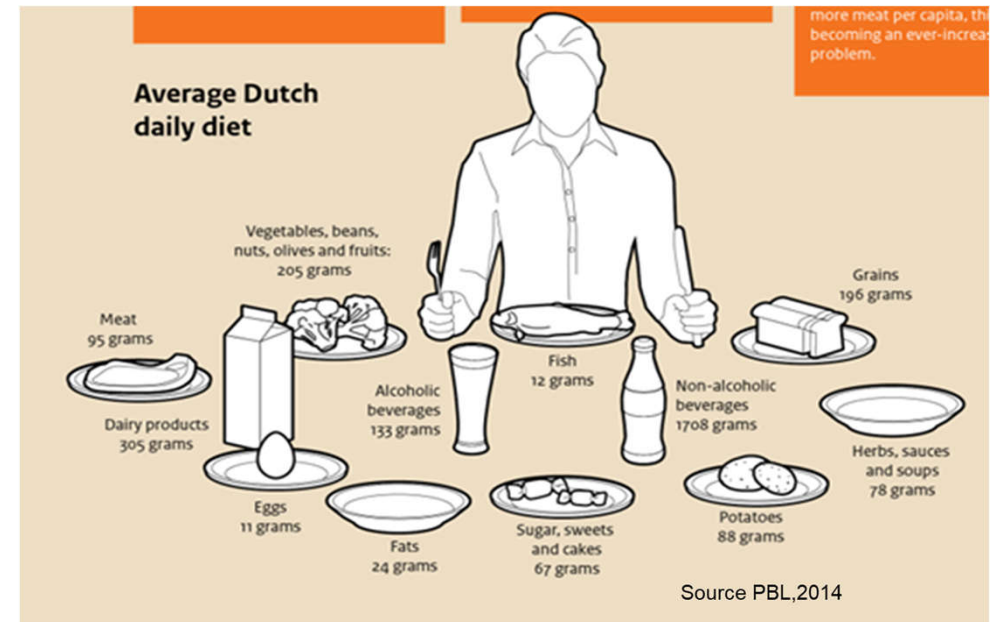
Intersecting power flows



Source: Deni Ruggeri,
presentation landscape
democracy, LE:NOTRE
Landscape Forum
2022, student work

Step 4: collect data on the elements and the relationships

- How many consumers are there?
- How much vegetables do they eat per year?
- How much land do you need for the crops?
- What type of production land or facilities is available?
-



Step 5 Make sure that the units of quantitative data are linked to each other

Production per year

Crop or product	kg/m ² *)	notes
Potatoes	2,9	
Grain	0,7	
Pulse	1,5	
Vegetables	5	open field
	30	glass house
Herbs	1,5	
Fruits	4	mostly apples and pears: farms, orchards, edible green
	2	berries in roof gardens, kitchen gardens
	8	berries in glass houses, tunnels (professional horticulture)
Beef	0,07	pasture in urban farm or green infra farm
Pork	0,57	urban farm or green infra farm, outdoor
Poultry	0,11	urban farm combination indoor/outdoor incl corn fodder
Fish	6,67	organic aquaponics, with fodder production and facilities
Cheese	0,15	1/10 of milk production per hectare
Dairy	1,50	2 cows per hectare, 7500 litres per cow per year
Eggs	0,34	urban farm combination indoor/outdoor including fodder (corn)

*) the sources of the key figures can be found in the Excel file of the local urban food calculator

Consumption per year

Type of food	grams per person per day	kilos per person per year
Potatoes	88	241
Grains (pasta and bread)	156	427
Vegetables (excl. pulse)	145	397
Pulse	20	55
Fruits	40	110
Herbs	10	27
Beef	57	156
Pork	19	52
Poultry	19	52
Fish	12	33
Cheese	20	55
Dairy (excluding cheese)	285	781
Eggs	11	30

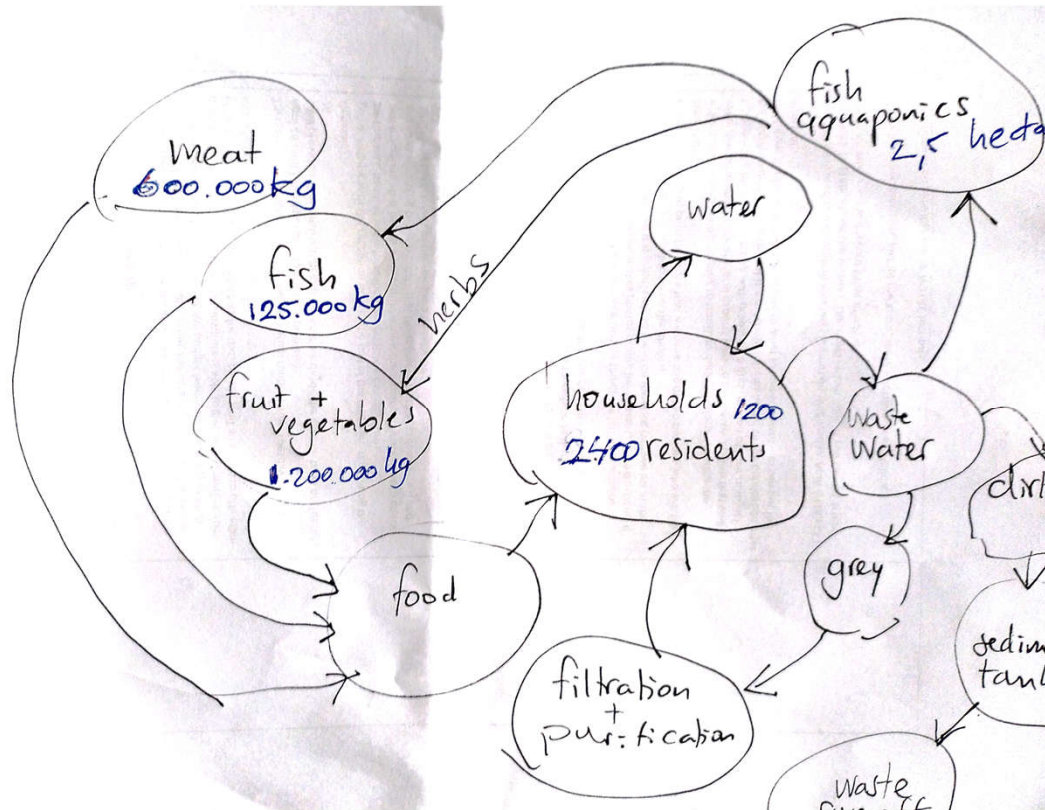
Step 6 Add the data in the system map

Depending on
your theme:

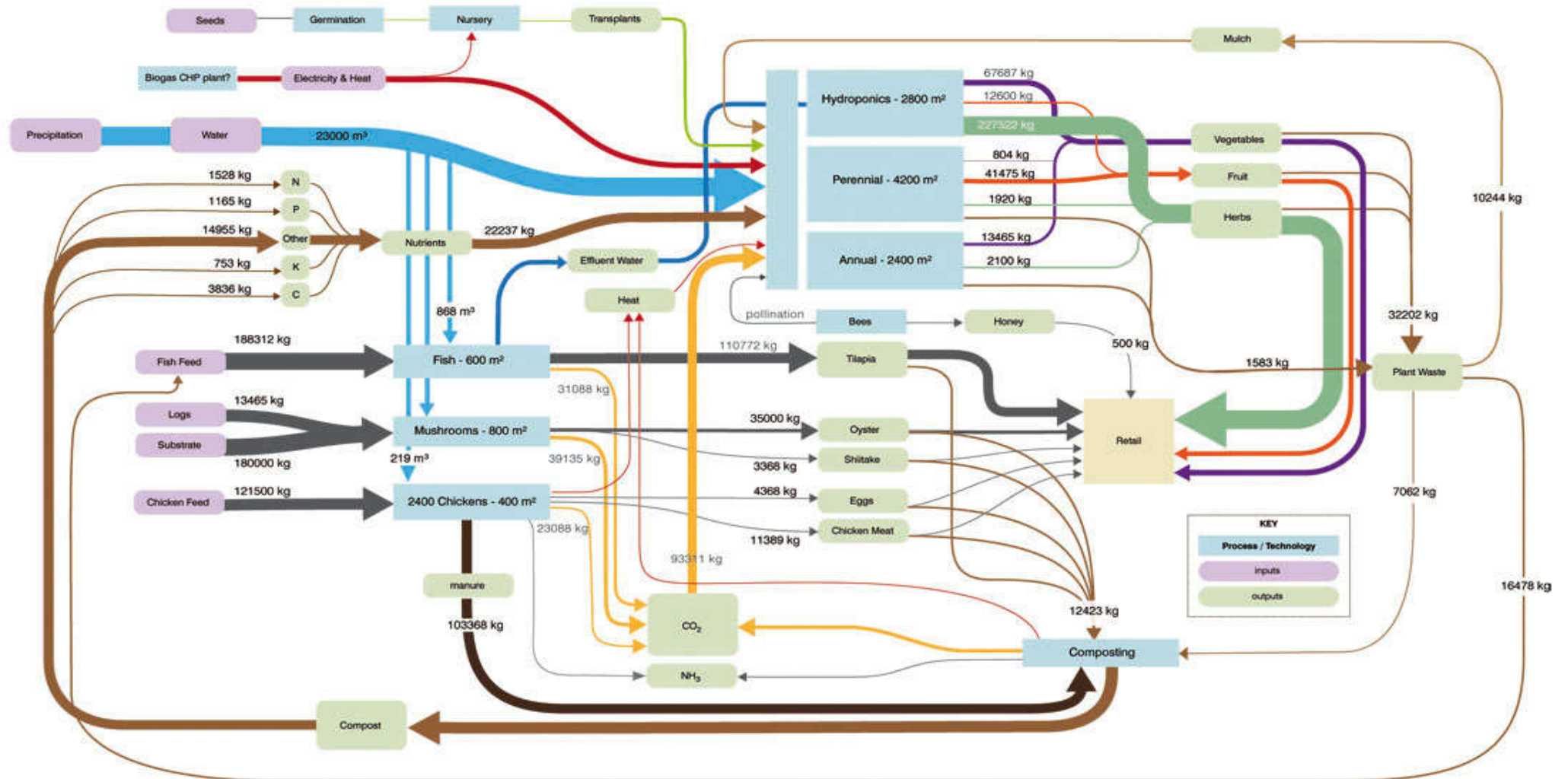
Show the gaps

See how the
system can be
closed or
improved

.....



Polydome Material Flow Diagram



Food system mapping

Guiding questions for your analysis

Select a reference that fits your field of play, your theme such as FAO, RUAF and others

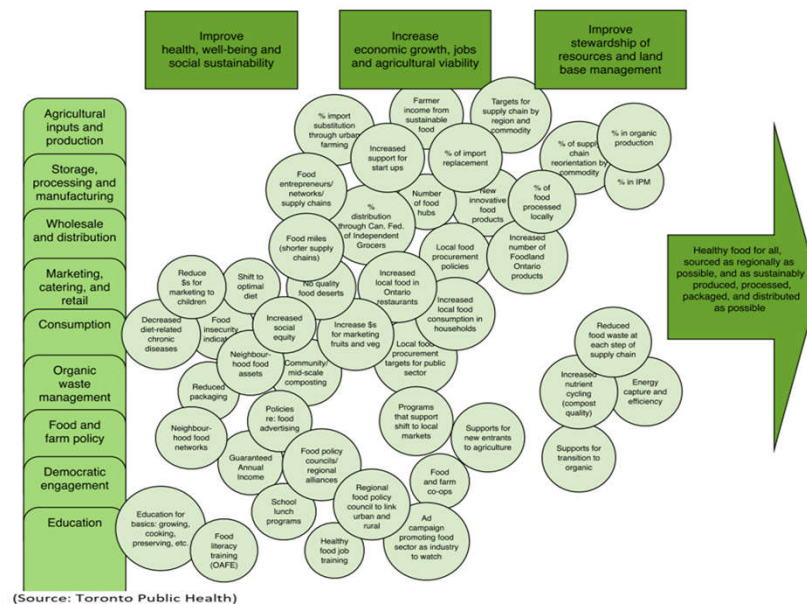
CITY REGION FOOD SYSTEM TOOLS/EXAMPLES

Food for the Cities Programme/RUAF-CityFoodTools Project



Source: FAO 2018

City Region Food System Toolkit Assessing and planning sustainable city region food systems



(Source: Toronto Public Health)

Use guiding questions on Food Systems (1)

A. Who feeds the city region:

- Where does the food come from?
- What and how much food is produced locally in the city region?
- Where are inputs and resources sourced from?
- How does the city region's food supply system fit into the wider national and global food supply system?

B. Food processing and manufacturing:

- Which companies prepare/manufacture the food consumed in the city region?

C. Food wholesale and distribution:

- Who supplies the food to businesses/markets that sell food to consumers?

D. Food marketing, catering and retail:

- Where do citizens buy their food? Please differentiate between citizens of different socio economic conditions and urban-rural areas.

FAO, 2018, p 134

Guiding questions on Food Systems (2)



E. Food consumption:

- What do people in the city region eat?
- What is the composition of their actual diet and food basket?
- What are food security/nutrition/food related health concerns?
- Can people access local food and where?

F. Food and organic waste:

- Where and how much food and organic waste is generated along the food chain, how is it managed?

G. What policies and plans influence the CRFS?

- Identify policies directly related to food production, processing etc., as well as other sectoral policies (health, economic development, land use planning) that have a bearing on the CRFS.

H. Who governs the food system?

- What role and power do decision-makers and key stakeholders have in shaping a more sustainable/resilient food system that serves the city region?

CRFS Toolkit: questions for analysis

- What are the strengths and vulnerabilities of the current city region food system?
- To what extent is the current food system (and different parts of the food system) resilient to shocks and projected circumstances in the longer-term?
- Which areas of the city region, what parts of the food chain and which groups of residents/involved stakeholders would be most adversely affected by vulnerabilities in the food system?
- What are the key priority areas that need to be addressed to develop a more sustainable and resilient food system for the future?
- What are the 5-10 main key issues that require further research and in-depth assessment?

FAO, 2018, p 135

Recap

- Which elements are part of my system?
- Organise and group the elements
- How do the elements relate to each other?
- Collect data on the elements and the relationships
- Make sure that the units of quantitative data are linked to each other
- Add the data in the system map
- Use guiding questions for your analysis

References

- FAO. (2018) City Region Food System Toolkit, Assessing and planning sustainable city region food systems, publication of FAO, RUAF and Wilfrid Laurier University. <http://www.fao.org/in-action/food-for-cities-programme/toolkit/introduction/en/> - introduction (page 1-3), questions and schemes of page nrs 133 until 144.
- Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University. (2011) Community-Based Food System Assessment and Planning - Facilitator's Guidebook, publication 3108-9029.- introduction and then continue until page 18.
- Countryside Charity (CPRE – UK) <https://www.cpre.org.uk/resources/mapping-local-food-webs-toolkit-2/> - 7 pages that explain the toolkit.

Exercise on stakeholders and levels of power

Marian Simón Rojo, UPM

II_INSTRUCTIONS FOR MAPPING

1. Give a Title that depicts the Food system you are working at.
2. Identify the stakeholders:
 - 2.a Engaged/promoting transformation (Green)
 - 2.b Hindering transformation (Red)
 - 2.c Not engaged, but potentially an ally (Blue)
3. Write down the name of each stakeholder (complete information to be filled in the excel file).
4. Show the power. Add 1 to 5 stars to each stakeholder, according to the power they hold

TITLE:

Food systems main stakeholders



Icons made by Freepik & Nicos and Scissors from www.flaticon.com

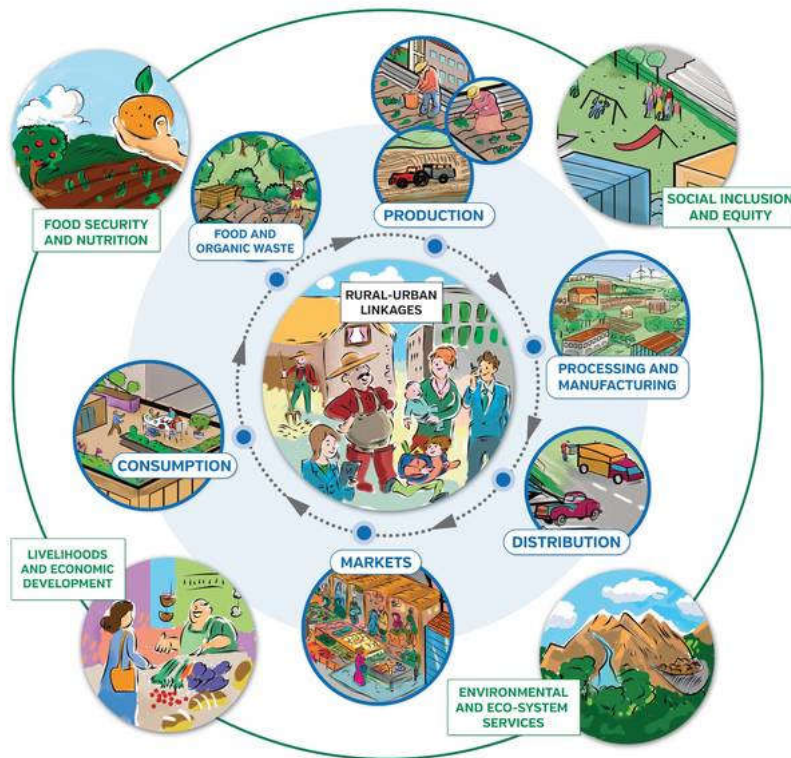
You will receive the links to the Mural in the slack channel

Fuente: Bortoletti, M., and J. Lomax. "Collaborative framework for food systems transformation." A multistakeholder pathway for sustainable food systems. UN environment

Case study: Mapping the Short Food Supply Chains

Jorge Molero, RMAe 28/04/2022

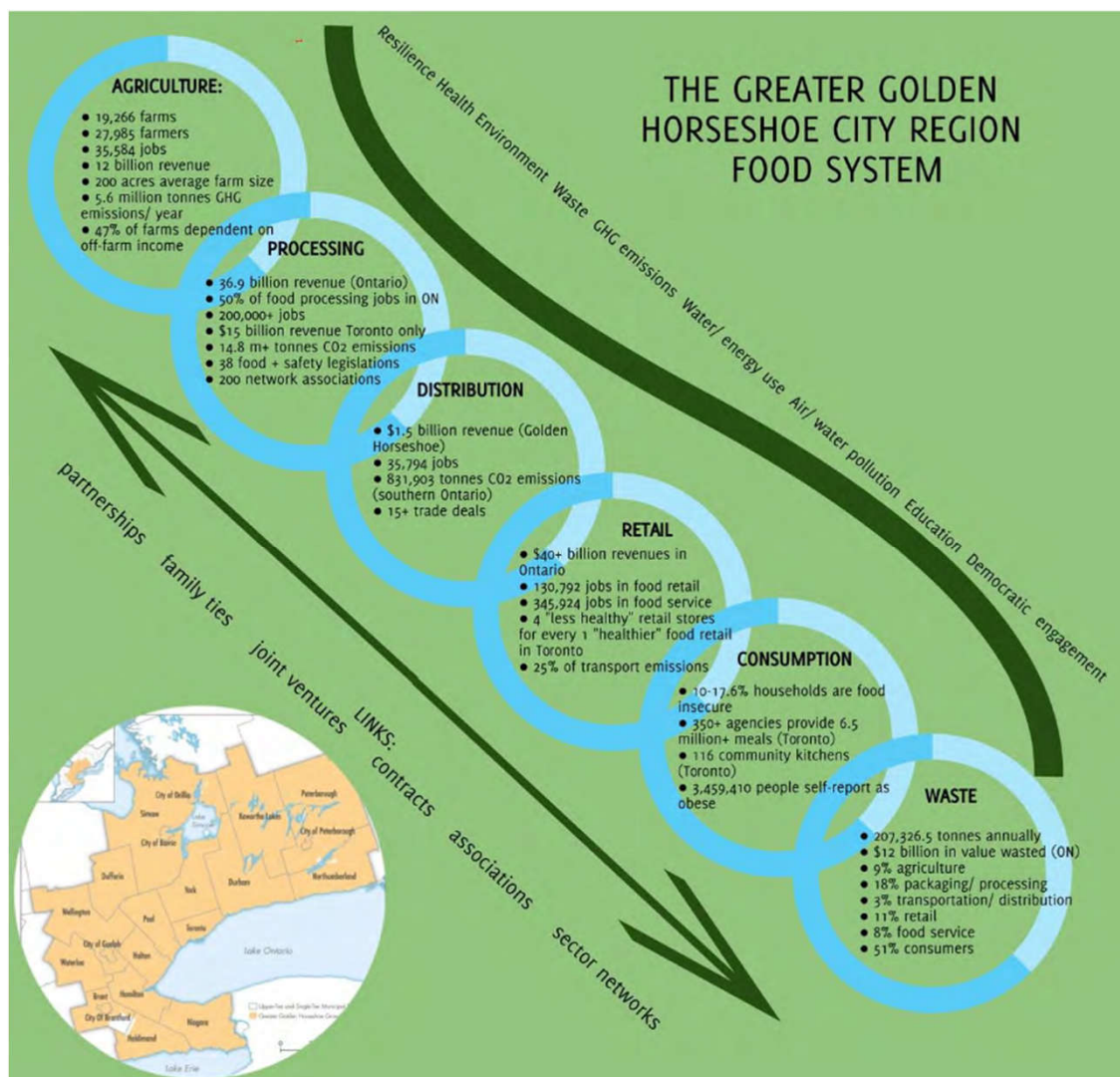
City Region Food Systems: Actors & Challenges



City Region Food System is defined as “

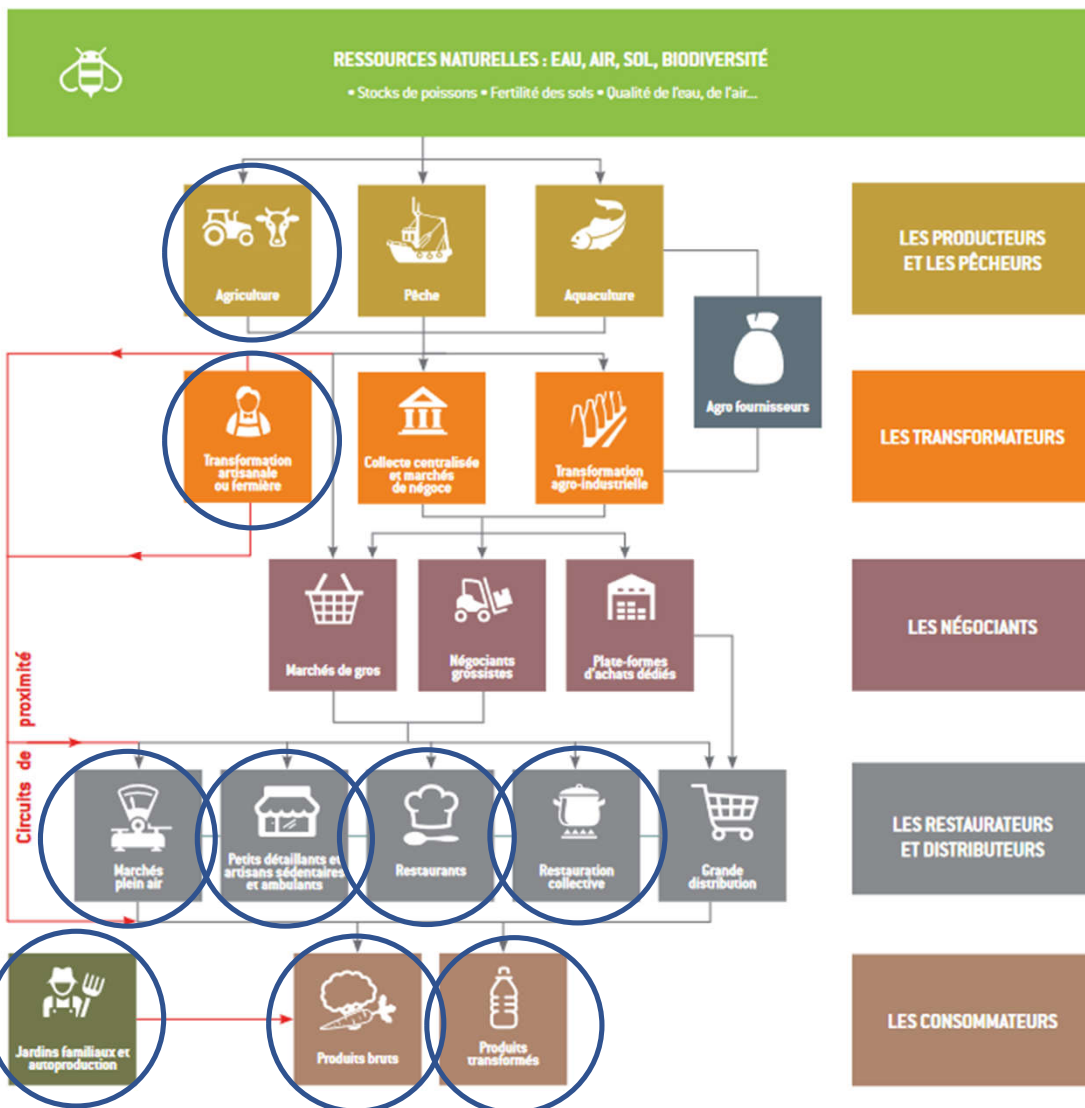
- all the actors, processes and relationships
- that are involved in food production, processing, distribution and consumption
- in a given city region”.

Mapping the WHOLE Food System



What are Short Food Supply Chains?

- They are Supply Chains, Short in term of
 - Number of nodes = intermediaries
 - Distance = km
- Balanced
 - in economical relations
 - risk management



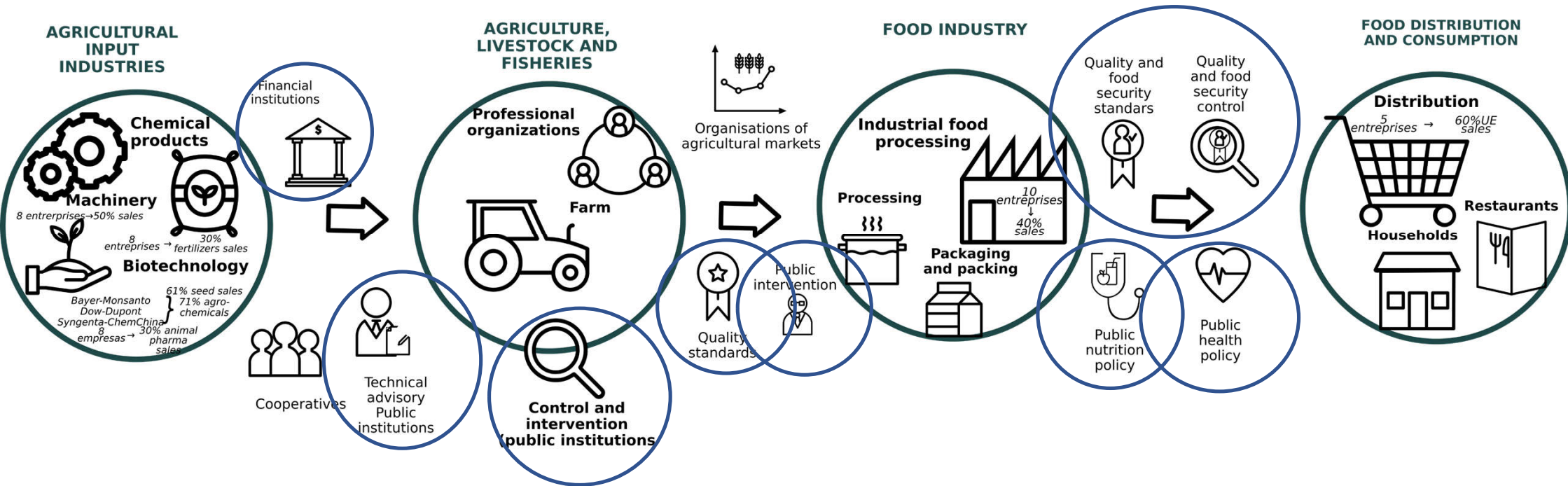
Actors of the Food Systems



Ils influencent le système :

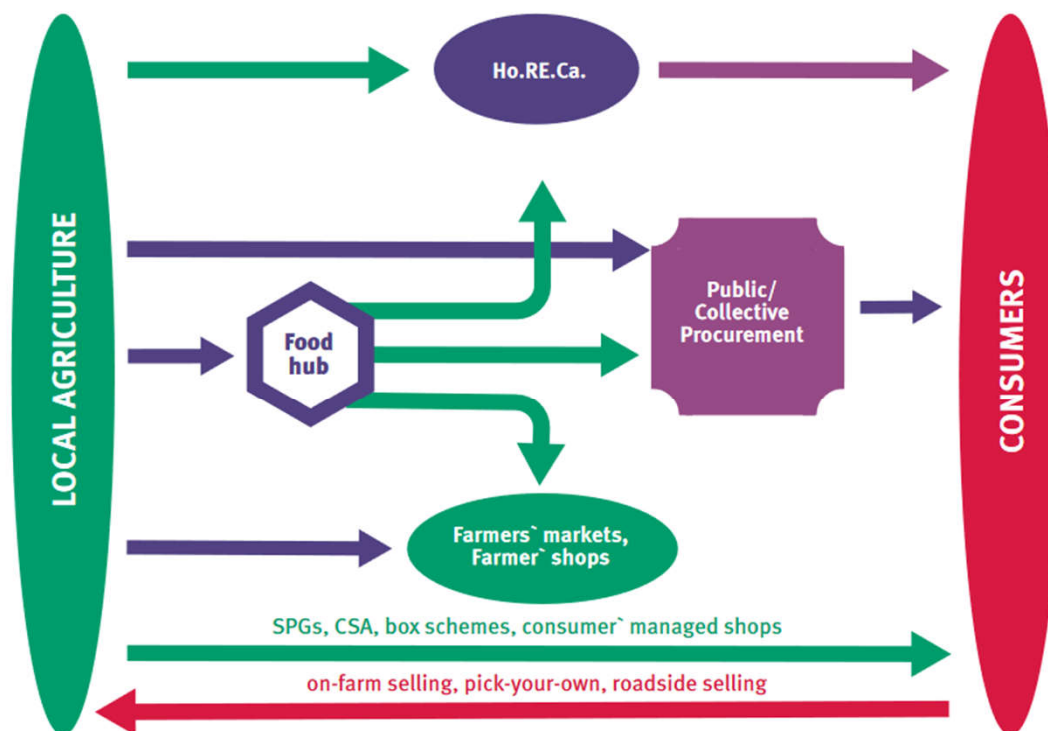


Do no forget “invisible” actors due to scale



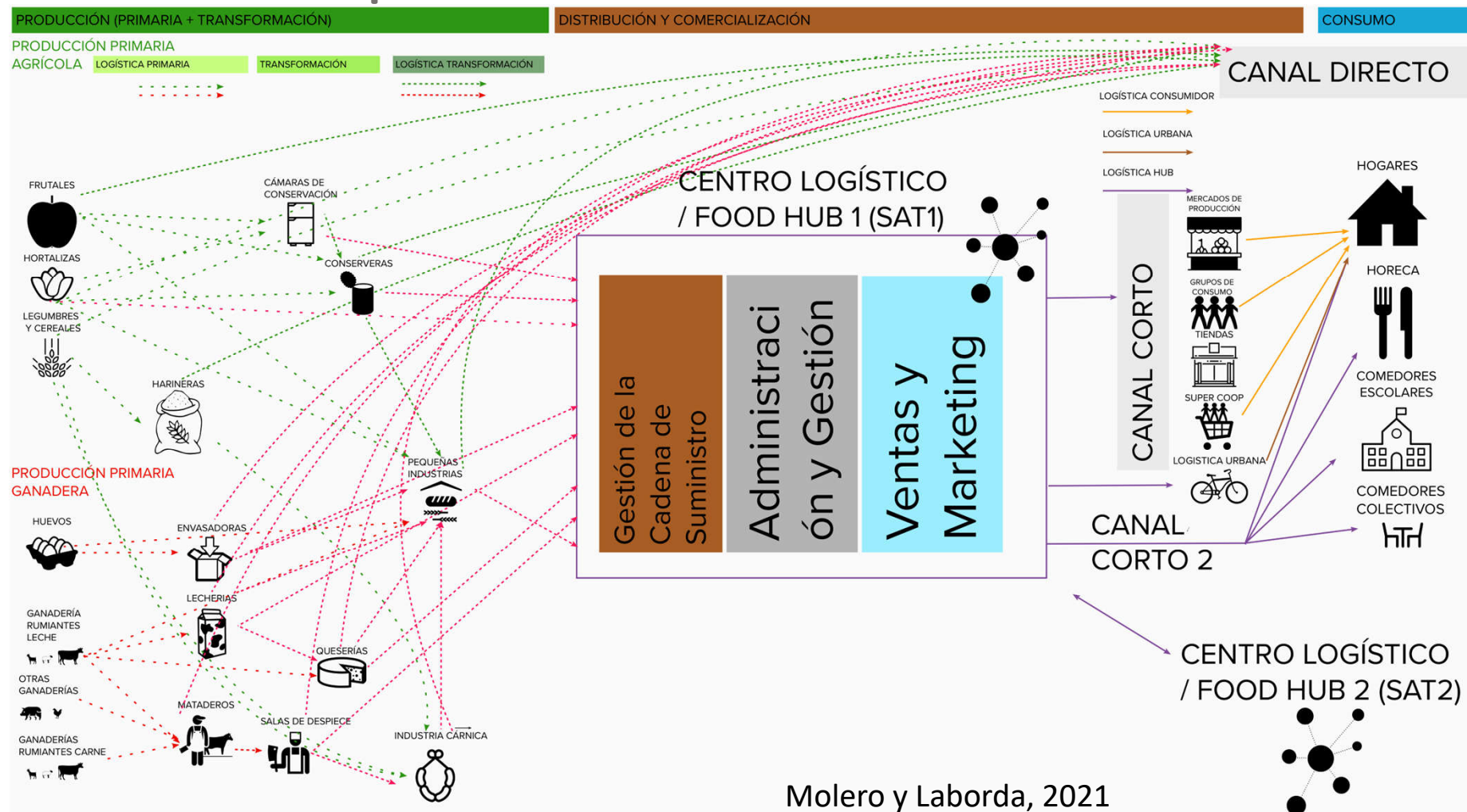
Molero Cortés et al, 2018. Based on Whatmore, 1995

A map of SFSCs typologies



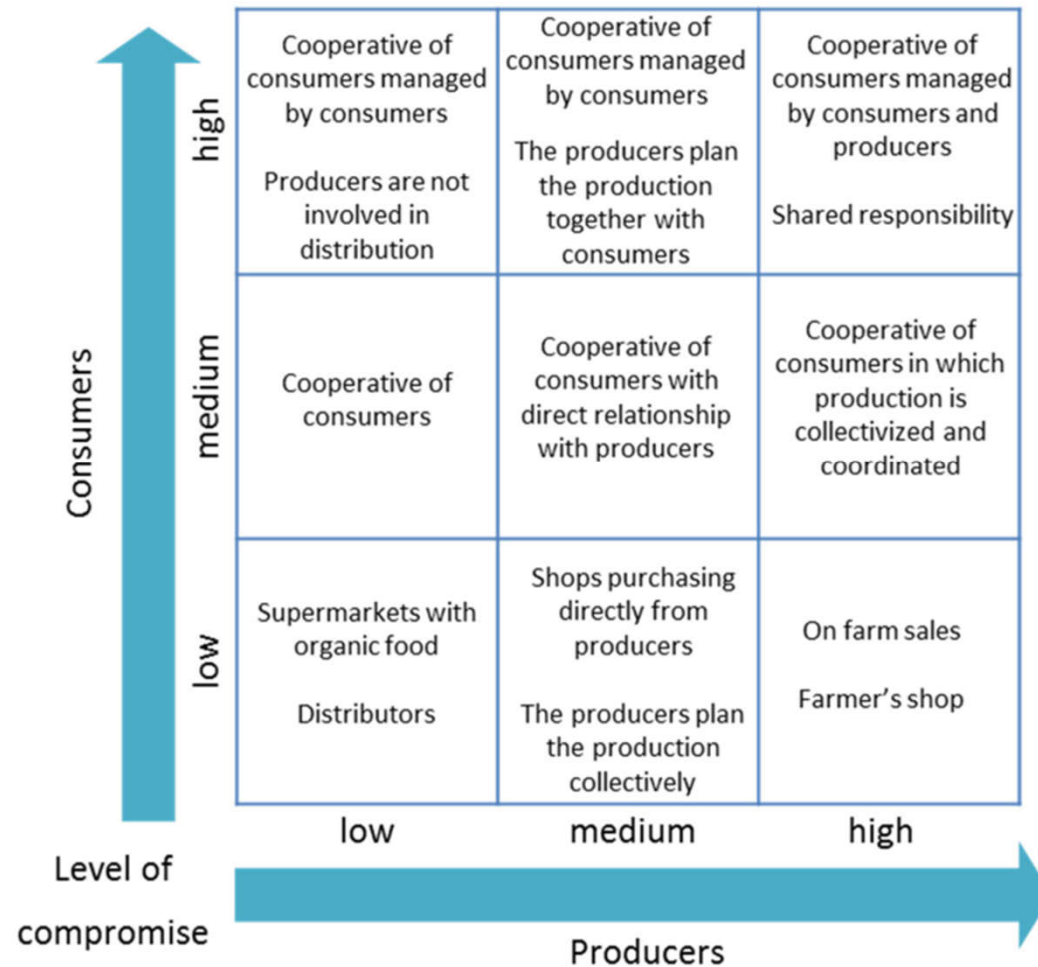
United Nations Industrial Development Organization, 2020

A more complex vision...



Molero y Laborda, 2021

Main actors of SFSC and typology

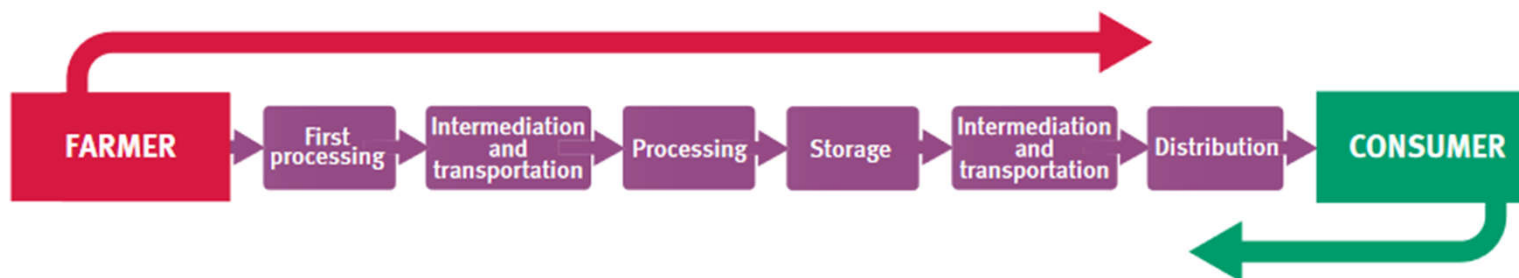


Jarzebowski et al, 2020

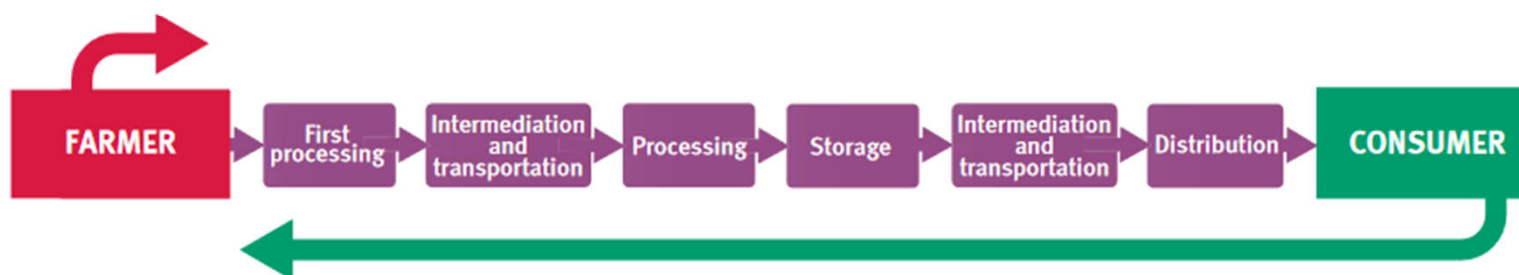
a) general representation



b) farmers' market model



c) pick-your-own model



United Nations Industrial Development Organization, 2020

Use guiding questions on Food Systems (1)

A. Who feeds the city region:

- What and how much food is produced LOCALLY in the city region?
- Where are inputs and resources LOCALLY sourced from?

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C. Food wholesale and distribution:

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FAO, 2018, p 134

Guiding questions on Food Systems (2)



E. Food consumption:

- What do people in the city region eat? What is the composition of their actual diet and food basket
 - Main products!
- Can people access LOCAL food and where?

F. Food and organic waste:

G. What policies and plans influence the CRFS?

H. Who governs the food system?

Do not forget!

- Map physic and VIRTUAL networks
- Relevance and statistical significance
- Diferent analysis
 - Whole food analysis
 - Product analysis
 - Main producto analysis

PHASE	STEP	Who?/What?	Where?	How?	Why?	For whom?	How much/many?	
QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS	Step 1: Identify elements & Step 2: Organise and group the elements	People & Organizations	x	x	x	x		
		Infraestructure: Land & Others	x	x	x	x		
		Products	x	x	x	x		
	Step 3: how do the elements relate to each other?	Flows and streams		x	x	x		
		Processes		x	x	x		
		Social relations		x	x	x		
		Power, regulations, laws		x	x	x		
RESULT	Qualitative MAP		x	x	x	x		
QUANITATIVE ANALYSIS	Step 4: Collect Data	Elements	Producers	x				Number, €, kg
			Consumers	x				Number, €, kg
			Ho.RE.Ca	x				Number, €, kg
			Food-Hubs	x				Number, €, kg
			Public/collective Procurement	x				Number, €, kg
			Farmers markets	x				Number, €, kg
			Farmers shops	x				Number, €, kg
			SPGs, CSA, Box-schemes, consumer managed	x				Number, €, kg
			On-farm selling, pick your own-roadside selling	x				Number, €, kg
			Self production	x				Number, €, kg
	Relationships/Flows			x				
	Step 5 Make sure that the units of data are linked to each other							
	Step 6 Add the data to the system map							
RESULT	Qualitative +Quantitative MAP		x	x	x	x	x	

Product analysis: In season tomato supply

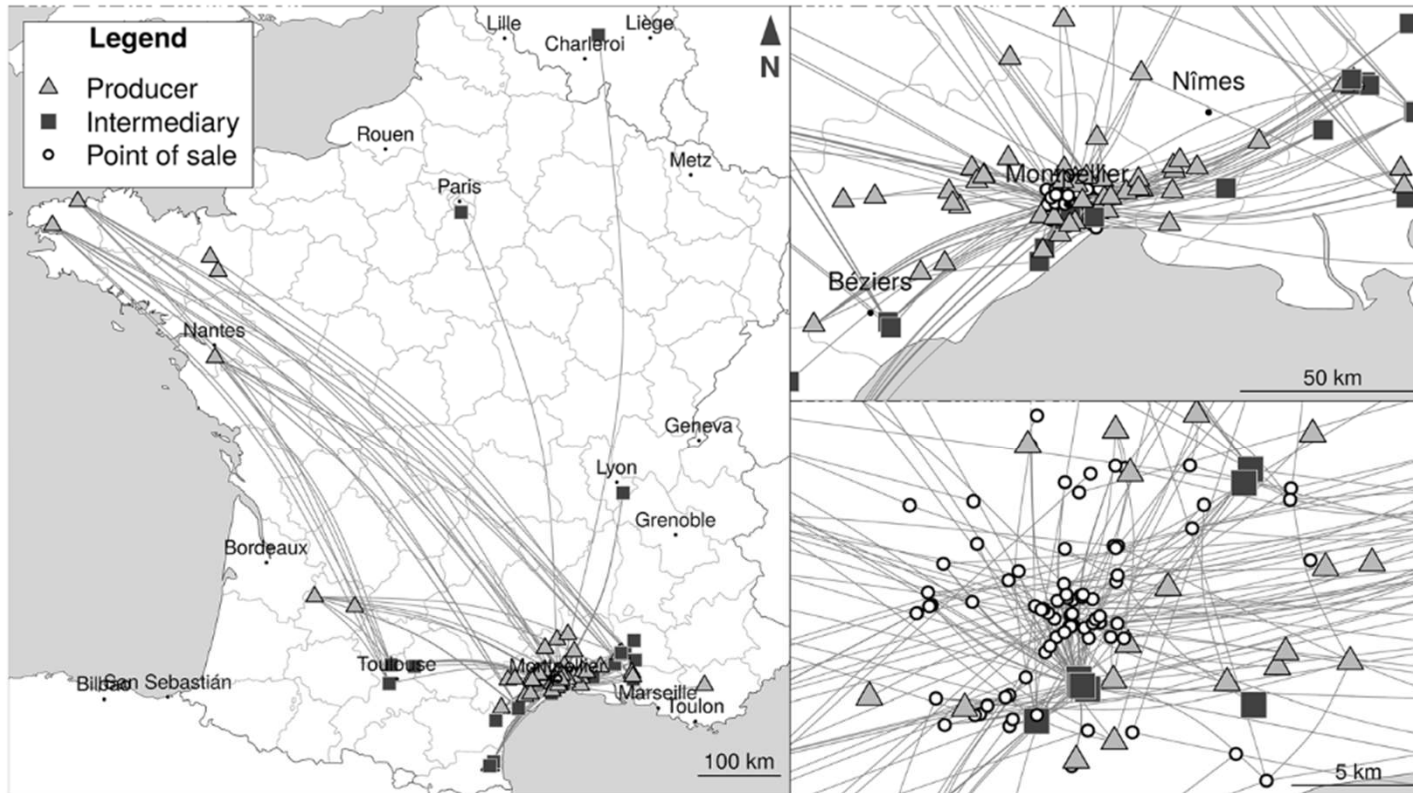
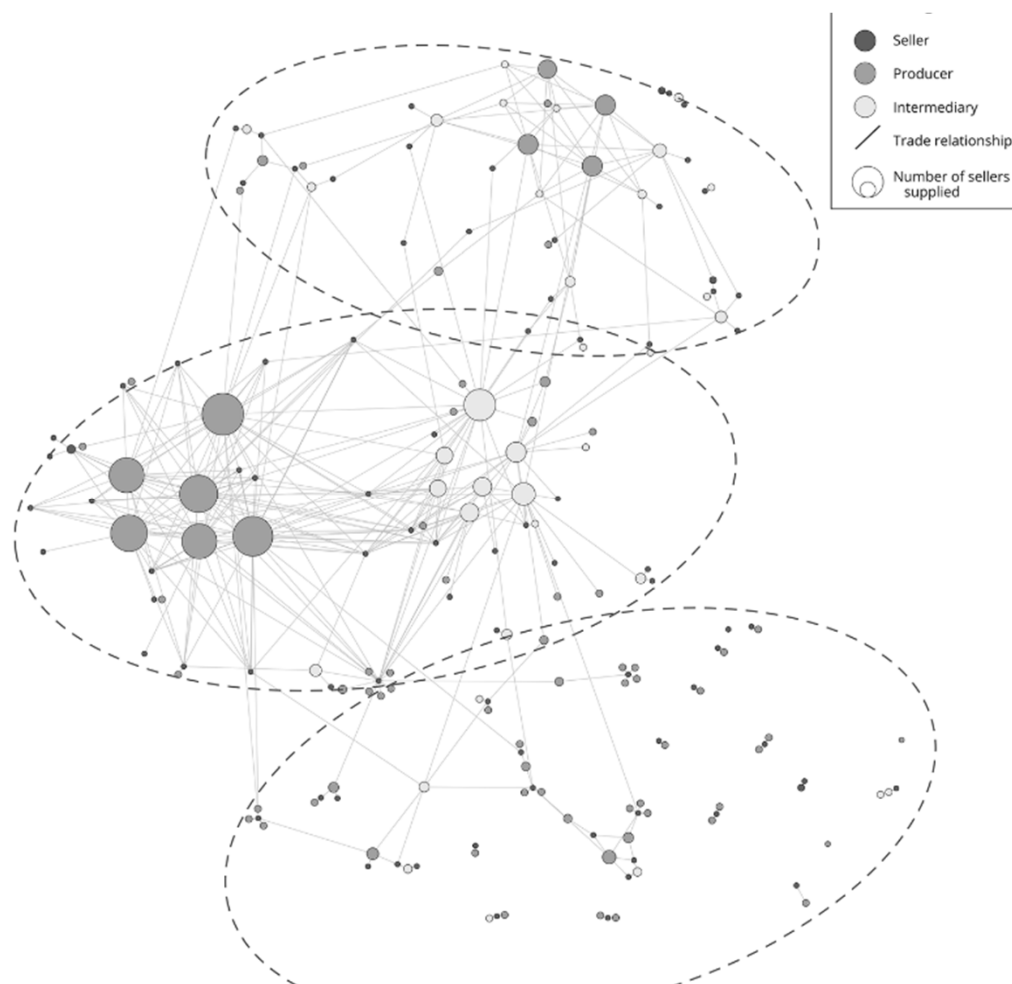


Fig. 4 Flows of in-season tomato supply for Montpellier. Source: IGN (2018) and authors. Realised with igraph 1.2.5, sf 0.9.4 and cartography 2.4.1 R packages
Chiffolleau et al, 2020



Analysis of sub-networks

Chiffolleau et al, 2020

References



FAO, RUAF Foundation & Wilfrid Laurier University, 2018. CITY REGION FOOD SYSTEM TOOLS/EXAMPLES Food for the Cities Programme/RUAF-CityFoodTools Project. <https://www.fao.org/in-action/food-for-cities-programme/toolkit/introduction/en/>

SHORT FOOD SUPPLY CHAINS FOR PROMOTING LOCAL FOOD ON LOCAL MARKETS, 2020. United Nations Industrial Development Organization, 2020

Chiffoleau et al, 2020. Coexistence of supply chains in a city's food supply: a factor for resilience? Review of Agricultural, Food and Environmental Studies

FAO, 2018. Sustainable food systems. Concept and framework. <https://www.fao.org/3/ca2079en/CA2079EN.pdf>